CHNA Report

December 2022

Approved by The Board of Directors of Ochsner Watkins Hospital November 14, 2022









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Ochsner Watkins Hospital Community Health Needs Assessment



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Ochsner Watkins Hospital completes a community health needs assessment every three years. It is through this work that we identify the unmet needs in the community and strategically plan how we can best address those needs. The purpose of this community health needs assessment report is to provide Ochsner Watkins Hospital with a functioning tool to guide the medical facility as it works to improve the health of the community it serves. In addition, the report meets the guidelines of the Internal Revenue Service.

The assessment was performed, and the implementation strategies were created by the Community Health Needs Assessment Steering Committee with assistance from Carr, Riggs & Ingram, a nationally ranked accounting firm based in Enterprise, AL. The assessment was conducted from September through November 2022. The community health needs assessment will guide the development of Ochsner Watkins Hospital's community health improvement initiatives and implementation strategies. This is a report that may be used by many of the medical facility's collaborative partners in the community.

The opening section of this report will consist of general information about Ochsner Watkins Hospital. It will provide the community with an informative overview concerning the hospital along with an explanation of the services available at Ochsner Watkins Hospital.

Previous patients, employees, and community representatives provided feedback. Ochsner Watkins Hospital organized a focus group and distributed a community health survey that provided an opportunity to members of the community to offer input. Additional information came from public databases, reports, and publications by state and national agencies.

The response and implementation sections of this report describes how the medical facility and its collaborative partners worked together to address health needs identified in 2019's community health needs assessment. In this report, we also discuss the health priorities that we will focus on over the next three years. The community health needs assessment report is available electronically on Ochsner Watkins Hospital's website (www.ochsnerrush.org); a printed copy may also be obtained from the hospital's administrative office.

We sincerely appreciate the opportunity to be a part of this community. Your opinions matter. As you read this report, please think about how to help us improve health and medical services in our area. We all live in, work in, and enjoy this wonderful community together. Ochsner Watkins Hospital is committed to extending care beyond our bricks and mortar. We are committed to meeting the health care needs of the broader community. Together, we can make our community healthier for every one of us and fulfill our mission. We look forward to working with you to improve the overall health of those we serve.

Michael Nester, Administrator Ochsner Watkins Hospital



ABOUT THE HOSPITAL

OVERVIEW

Ochsner Watkins Hospital is a 25-bed critical access hospital located in Quitman, Mississippi that provides a wide range of inpatient, outpatient, and emergency services. This facility has a rich heritage as a hospital built by the community for the community. Opened in the 1970s, Ochsner Watkins Hospital has provided quality health care to the people of Quitman and the surrounding areas for nearly three decades.

Patients are cared for under the direction of their physician by a licensed health care team. This team includes registered nurses, physical therapists, social workers, dietitians, pharmacists, and other ancillary staff depending on the patient's medical needs.

Services are available on an inpatient and outpatient basis through the hospital's imaging, laboratory, and rehabilitative services which include physical, occupational, and speech therapy. Below is a list of the services provided by the hospital; a detailed summary on a number of these services can be found in the section titled "Healthcare Services Provided."

- Diabetes Education
- Dietary Consultations
- Emergency Care
- Full-Service Dining Room
- A Hospitalist Program
- A Laboratory
- Medical Surgical Care
- Outpatient Infusion

- A Pharmacy
- A Radiology
- Respiratory Therapy
- Senior Care Programs
- Skilled Rehab Services
- Swing Bed Program
- Telemedicine
- Wound Care

Along with the main campus, Ochsner Watkins Hospital operates four clinics that offer a variety of specialties to the community. The clinics are as follows:

- The Medical Group of Quitman
- EC HealthNet Family Health Center
- A Rush Medical Group Primary Care
- Primary Care Associates



Along with being the one of the county's largest employers and a major economic stimulus by virtue of its payroll, Ochsner Watkins Hospital also provides many benefits to the broader community in the areas of civic involvement and giving. Examples include actively supporting the American Cancer Society, conducting community education classes, and providing free medical screening tests and dissemination of health information at civic club meetings and other community functions.



HEALTHCARE SERVICES PROVIDED

DIABETES EDUCATION

The mission of Ochsner Watkins Health's diabetes program is to provide patients in the hospital with knowledge on how to provide self-management to improve diabetes control and prevent complications when discharged home. Ochsner Watkins Hospital's registered nurses perform education for both diabetic and pre-diabetic patients while in the hospital. Some of the educational topics covered are:

- Learning what diabetes is and how to manage it.
- Learning how food affects your glucose and how to eat healthy for a lifetime.
- Learning the benefits of activity and how to make it part of your life.
- Learning how medications work for you.
- Learning how to monitor and interpret your blood glucose.
- Learning how to prevent complications.
- Learning skills for managing a lifetime disease.

EMERGENCY CARE

Ochsner Watkins Hospital's emergency department is staffed with qualified emergency room hospitalists and family nurse practitioners and is open 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Patients should note that the hospitalists are hospital physicians, meaning they can admit and coordinate general medical care for patients who do not have a physician.

LABORATORY

Ochsner Watkins Health's laboratories provide quality service that is accurate, timely, and cost effective to providers, patients, and the community. The lab assists physicians in the diagnosis,



treatment, and management of acute and chronic illnesses by performing a wide variety of tests in the areas of:

- Chemistry
- Hematology and Coagulation
- Transfusion Services
- Microbiology
- Pathology

Ochsner Watkins Hospital Community Health Needs Assessment



OUTPATIENT INFUSION

Infusion therapy involves the administration of medication through a catheter as prescribed by the patient's doctor when a patient's condition is so severe that it cannot be treated effectively by oral medications. Patients can rely on the comfort of having clinically trained, licensed healthcare professionals experienced in IV infusion therapy attending to their needs. Services provided by the department include, but are not limited to:

- Antibiotic therapy
- Anti-fungal therapy
- Blood transfusion
- IV iron therapy
- Subcutaneous injections
- IV immune globulin
- ▲ Treatment for rheumatoid arthritis and other autoimmune diseases
- Supervised first dose of antibiotics for home health patients
- A Hydration therapy

RADIOLOGY

Ochsner Watkins Hospital is equipped with modern and effective diagnostic imaging technology which illnesses and injuries quickly and efficiently. Ochsner Watkins Hospital radiologists are board certified in diagnostic imaging and have specialty MRI and neuroimaging training. These knowledgeable technologists and staff perform diagnostic testing with personal care and attention, taking time to explain each procedure so the patient knows what to anticipate every step of the way. These diagnostic imaging services include:



CT Lung Cancer Screening

\land MR

Ultrasound Exams (Sonograms)



RESPIRATORY THERAPY

Ochsner Watkins Hospital therapists are trained and qualified to provide high quality care for patients suffering from upper-airway disorders and lung diseases to patients of all ages. Respiratory therapists work closely with the physician to provide a comprehensive approach to treatment. The department oversees the administration of oxygen, respiratory medications, and therapeutics to help patients breathe easier.



SENIOR CARE PROGRAMS

Ochsner Watkins Hospital has specialized programs for senior adults experiencing problems coping with everyday living due to anxiety, grief and/or depression. Senior Care is an intensive outpatient program that has helped many individuals through education, therapy, and medication. It is Ochsner Watkins Hospital's hope that through these services, the program can help to achieve the following goals for patients and their loved ones:

- A Restore optimum mental health
- A Reduce or eliminate symptoms that interfere with the ability to function
- Support the family unit
- Maximize independence

SKILLED REHAB INPATIENT AND OUTPATIENT SERVICES

Ochsner Watkins Hospital provides the very best in rehabilitative and recuperative care. The program's staff of professionals can help patients and their family members regain the skills necessary for an independent lifestyle. The department works with patients to help manage their health once they have been discharged from the hospital.

OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY

Ochsner Watkins Hospital's occupational therapy department is focused on providing functionally oriented treatment that helps individuals of all ages who, because of physical, developmental, social, or emotional problems, need specialized assistance to gain or regain functional independence, promote developmental skills, and/or prevent disability. The department specializes in the following:

- Orthopedic injuries
- Deficits in self-care functions
- Visual or perceptual deficits
- Splint fabrication
- Job site analysis
- Assistive technology
- Adaptive equipment
- Work- or sports-related injuries
- Neurological disorders
- Cognitive deficits
- Functional capacity
- Evaluations
- Work hardening



Ochsner Watkins Hospital Community Health Needs Assessment



PHYSICAL THERAPY

Ochsner Watkins Hospital's physical therapy department is dedicated to a hands-on approach of care to return patients to their highest level of function. Each patient is provided with a personal treatment regimen to meet his or her needs in returning to work, sports, and activities of daily living. The department specializes in the following:

- Acute pain
- Subacute pain
- Chronic pain
- Work- or sports-related injuries
- Motor vehicle injuries
- Spinal cord injuries
- Pre- and post-surgical rehab

- Pediatrics
- Neurological and stroke rehab
- Pre- and post-employment testing
- Urinary incontinence
- Aquatics
- Functional capacity evaluations

SPEECH THERAPY

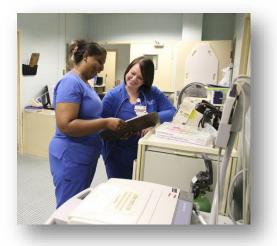
Ochsner Watkins Hospitals' speech-language pathology department offers evaluation and treatment of a variety of communicative and swallowing disorders. It is their goal to provide optimum patient care by designing an individualized treatment plan to achieve one's maximum potential. The department's therapists hold master's degrees from accredited university programs and maintain state and national credentials. The following are the department's specializations:

- Slurred speech
- Limited attention span
- Memory deficits
- VitalStim therapy
- Stuttering
- Articulation deficits
- A Hoarseness or nasality
- Swallowing or feeding difficulties
- Stroke
- High-risk infant
- Degenerative diseases

- Cerebral palsy
- Traumatic Brain Injury
- Muscular dystrophy
- Congenital anomalies
- Developmental delay
- Hardness of hearing/deafness
- Oral motor deficits
- Aspiration pneumonia
- Augmentative communication
- ADHD or ADD
- Autism

SWING BED PROGRAM

Skilled nursing and rehabilitative care are available at Ochsner Watkins Hospital through the Swing Bed Program. Those recovering from surgery, a stroke, a fracture, or an extended medical illness and hospitalization can choose to rehabilitate at Ochsner Watkins Hospital, regardless of if they were hospitalized in another location.



Community Health Needs Assessment



WOUND CARE

Ochsner Watkins Hospital's Wound Care department offers individualized care for acute and traumatic wounds. The department provides a true multidisciplinary approach with medical and surgical specialists together under one roof. Care involves identifying all factors that optimize wound healing and formulating a complete and individualized treatment plan for every patient. Wound treatments and therapies include:



- Total contact casting
- Appropriate wound debridement
- Compression therapy
- Bioengineered tissue substitutes
- Negative pressure wound therapy
- The newest topical ointments and wound dressings
- A Hyperbaric oxygen therapy



THE COMMUNITY HEALTH NEEDS ASSESSMENT

BACKGROUND

Section 501(r)(3)(A) requires tax-exempt hospitals to conduct a community health needs assessment (CHNA) every three years with the communities they serve. The hospitals then must develop an implementation strategy to meet the needs identified through the CHNA. The Internal Revenue Service (2022) outlines the steps a hospital must complete to conduct a CHNA:

- 1. Define the community it serves.
- 2. Assess the health needs of that community.
- 3. In assessing the community's health needs, solicit, and consider input received from persons who represent the broad interests of that community, including those with special knowledge of or expertise in public health.
- 4. Document the CHNA in a written report (CHNA report) that is adopted for the hospital facility by an authorized body of the hospital facility.
- 5. Make the CHNA report widely available to the public.

Failure to comply with these guidelines could result in a fine by the IRS of \$50,000, and the possibility of losing the organization's tax-exempt status. Based on these guidelines, Ochsner Watkins Hospital's CHNA report would be due to be completed and board approved by their fiscal year end of 12/31/22.

COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

Community engagement was a vital part of conducting the CHNA. In assessing the health needs of the community, Ochsner Watkins Hospital solicited and received input from community leaders and residents who represent the broad interests of the community. These open and transparent collaborative studies help healthcare providers build stronger relationships with their communities, identify needs, and dedicate funding and other resources toward programs that clearly benefit residents. They also provide an opportunity for the hospital to identify valuable collaborative partners as we try to better serve the community and improve the health of our citizens in Clarke County.

TRANSPARENCY

We are pleased to share with our community the results of our CHNA. The following pages offer a review of how we responded to specific health needs identified in our 2019 CHNA; define the hospital's service areas and assess their needs and provide our health initiatives for the next three years. We hope you will take time to review the health needs of our community as the findings impact each and every citizen of our rural Mississippi community. We are confident that you will find ways you can personally improve your own health and contribute to creating a healthier community.

DATA COLLECTION

Primary and secondary data was gathered, reviewed, and analyzed so that the most accurate information was available in determining the community's health needs and appropriate implementation process.

Ochsner Watkins Hospital Community Health Needs Assessment



Primary Data: Collected by the assessment team directly from the community through conversations, interviews, community feedback, i.e., the most current information available.

Secondary Data: Collected from sources outside the community and from sources other than the assessment team; information that has already been collected, collated, and analyzed; provides an accurate look at the overall status of the community.

Secondary Data Sources			
The United States Census Bureau	 Ochsner Watkins Hospital Medical Records 		
	Department		
US Department of Health & Human Services	Mississippi State Department of Health (MSDH)		
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	Mississippi Center for Obesity Research		
American Heart Association	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps		
Rural Health Information Hub	MSDH, Office of Health Data and Research		



RESPONSE TO HEALTH STRATEGIES FROM 2019 CHNA

INITIATIVE 1: SAFETY

With emphasis on:

- Fall prevention with emphasis on senior population.
- Motor vehicle safety education at dangerous intersections as well as distractions i.e. texting, talking on phone and driving under the influence, for all age groups.
- 911 campaign for visible address signage throughout Clarke County.

INITIATIVE 2: LIFESTYLES

Educating and encouraging healthier lifestyles in the rural south by incorporating better nutrition, as well as increasing daily exercise and activities. Watkins in collaboration with the local schools, fire departments, churches, law enforcement and the MSDH will place emphasis on:

- Education on nutrition and proper label reading.
- Blood pressure, resting pulse, and blood glucose screening.
- Proper warm ups and stretching to prevent injuries.
- Participate in community events while providing screenings and education.



Providing education and awareness for breast, bronchial/tracheal, and prostate cancer in coalition with the American Cancer Society, the American Urological Association, and the Tobacco Coalition.

- Provide awareness on the dangers of vaping/smoking.
- Bring awareness to the life-saving potential of early prostate screening.
- Community outreach and education on early detection by implementing and promoting monthly self-breast exams and yearly mammograms.

Due to the timing of the CHNA due date for the hospital coinciding with the onset of the public health emergency (PHE) known as COVID-19 the planned activities for these initiatives were put on hold as the hospital battled against the COVID-19 virus. As a result, the hospital had to change their focus to keeping the community safe during times of uncertainty. On the following page, the report will give an overview of the PHE and how the hospital responded to the COVID-19 virus.





RESPONSE TO PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCY

COVID-19 OVERVIEW

During the public health emergency, an anxious and scared community leaned on the hospital more than ever for help. Ochsner Watkins Hospital and its staff stood strong and unwavering no matter how adverse the circumstances were, depicting themselves as true American Heroes.

The first cases of COVID-19 in Clarke County were confirmed by the Mississippi Department of Health in spring 2020; this spring also ended up being the start of the first wave of COVID-19 patients seeking treatment from providers nationwide. In response, Ochsner Watkins Hospital implemented an infection control plan as these first cases were reported.

The magnitude of the hours devoted and sacrifices made by the personnel at Ochsner Watkins Hospital for the community are unmeasurable. Throughout the pandemic, Ochsner Watkins Hospital continuously educated staff on all COVID-19 protocols along with utilizing equipment to maintain quarantine and isolation of affected patients while continuing to provide quality care.

No one could predict just how long the pandemic would last. As of this writing, the public health emergency is still in effect. Ochsner Watkins Hospital continues to utilize its resources to battle the virus. The following is a small fraction of the hospital's endless response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

HOSPITAL'S RESPONSE

Patients, visitors, and employees were screened at entrances, both inside and outside the hospital. Screenings included temperature checks and symptom questioners. The hospital also implemented



mask-wearing and social-distancing policies. Ochsner Watkins Hospital updated its visitors' policy as the hospital received additional guidance from MDHS. This included: closing the cafeteria to the public; allowing three-way calling for quarantining patients, and; shifting IOP group therapies to individual therapy with only one patient in the clinic at a time.

The hospital made COVID tests, vaccinations, and Monoclonal antibody infusions available to employees, patients, and the community. Behavioral telehealth was made available to all members of the hospital's treatment teams.

The hospital received government staffing via FEMA nurses. This allowed the hospital to designate certain

staff to care exclusively for COVID patients, thus limiting the spread of COVID-19 to non-COVID patients; the hospital also designated COVID units to help achieve the same goal. Ochsner Watkins Hospital's involvement helped tertiary hospitals free up ICU and ventilator beds.

Ochsner Watkins Hospital's respiratory therapy department was a crucial part of the hospital's frontline during the pandemic due to the nature of COVID-19. The department was also able to secure additional in-house equipment and supplies to meet the needs of COVID patients.



ABOUT THE COMMUNITY

GEOGRAPHY OF THE PRIMARY SERVICE AREA

Ochsner Watkins Hospital's primary service area is Clarke County, MS. Clarke County has 691.6 square miles of land area and is the 22nd largest county in Mississippi by total area. Clarke County is bordered by Wayne County, MS; Jasper County, MS; Choctaw County, AL; Newton County, MS; and, Lauderdale County, MS. These surrounding counties serve as Ochsner Watkins Hospital's secondary service area.

HISTORY OF THE PRIMARY SERVICE AREA

According to the Mississippi Encyclopedia (2018), Clarke County was established in December 1833 from lands ceded to the United States by the Choctaw Nation under the 1830 Treaty of Dancing Rabbit Creek. It is named for Joshua G. Clarke, Mississippi's first state chancellor. Like



most Piney Woods counties during the 1860s, Clarke County comprised primarily small farms and ranked fairly low in the state in agricultural production. Clarke County remained distinctive in that it was the only county in the Mississippi to concentrate on tobacco cultivation. Although the County's producers continued to concentrate on agriculture, the rise of textile mills in Stonewall at the end of the nineteenth century expanded the County's industrial workforce. Clarke's economic activity continues to revolve largely around textiles and timber. With sixteen oil wells, petroleum also figures prominently in the County's economy

HEALTHCARE RESOURCES AVAILABLE

For many Clarke County residents, Ochsner Watkins Hospital serves as their primary healthcare provider. Based on data pulled from the American Hospital Directory (AHD), 100% of the hospital's Medicare inpatients come from within Clarke County.

Including Ochsner Watkins Hospital, there are three critical access hospitals located in Ochsner Watkins Hospital's primary and secondary service areas. These facilities are:

- Ochsner Watkins Hospital
- 2. Ochsner Laird Hospital
- 3. Ochsner Choctaw General

Patient origin information pulled from the AHD indicates 100% of the total number of Clarke County residents with Medicare that were discharged from the facilities listed above are discharged from Ochsner Watkins Hospital. The following table shows the percentage for each facility:

Patient Origin Study Summaries for the Calendar Year Ended December 31, 2021 Clarke County Residents

Facility	Medicare Discharges	Percent
Ochsner Watkins Hospital	31	100.00%
Ochsner Laird Hospital	0	0.00%
Ochsner Choctaw General	0	0.00%



HEALTH OUTCOMES, DEMOGRAPHICS, AND DISEASE INCIDENCE RATES STATE AND COUNTY LEVEL HEALTH OUTCOMES

Understanding the makeup of the community served continues to gain importance as healthcare reimbursement shifts to a value-based payment model and places emphasis on population health; as a result, providers must prioritize preventive treatment to address health challenges in the community and stay ahead of the curve. In addition, the Joint Commission and the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services are placing increased emphasis on health equity by making certain requirements applicable to all hospitals including critical access hospitals such as Ochsner Watkins Hospital.

In a press release, CMS News Room (2022) states the following:

CMS is working to advance health equity by designing, implementing, and operationalizing policies and programs that support health for all the people served by our programs, eliminating avoidable differences in health outcomes experienced by people who are disadvantaged or underserved, and providing the care and support that our enrollees need to thrive.

To address health care disparities in hospital inpatient care and beyond, CMS is adopting three health equity-focused measures in the IQR Program. The first measure assesses a hospital's commitment to establishing a culture of equity and delivering more equitable health care by capturing concrete activities across five key domains, including strategic planning, data collection, data analysis, quality improvement, and leadership engagement. The second and third measures capture screening and identification of patient-level, health-related social needs — such as food insecurity, housing instability, transportation needs, utility difficulties, and interpersonal safety. By screening for and identifying such unmet needs, hospitals will be in a better position to serve patients holistically by addressing and monitoring what are often key contributors to poor physical and mental health outcomes (para. 5-6).

CMS's News Room also provides the following information concerning the Timeline for Joint Commission and CMS measures per FY 2023 IPPS final rule, Section K, IQR program:

- Hospital Commitment to Health Equity beginning with the Calendar Year (CY) 2023 reporting period/FY 2025 payment determination
- Screening for Social Drivers of Health begins with voluntary reporting for the CY 2023 reporting period, and mandatory reporting beginning with the CY 2024 reporting period/FY 2026 payment determination
- Screen Positive Rate for Social Drivers of Health beginning with voluntary reporting for the CY 2023 reporting period, and mandatory reporting beginning with the CY 2024 reporting period/FY 2026 payment determination
- Joint Commission requirements set to begin on January 1, 2023

The community health needs assessment will give Ochsner Watkins Hospital an opportunity to integrate the CHNA report with the noted above requirements to address the needs within the community while meeting reporting requirements.

Community Health Needs Assessment



In this section, state and county healthcare rankings will be analyzed to identify further what factors impact Ochsner Watkins Hospital's service area the most and how they potentially affect the health of the population. Ochsner Watkins Hospital will continue to study these dynamics when exploring the importance of adding or removing a particular service line to the hospital's current offerings.

Data pulled from America's Health Rankings (AHR) provides an analysis of health, environmental and socioeconomic data to rank the nation's health on a state-by-state basis. According to AHR (n.d.), "the platform analyzes more than 340 measures of behaviors, social and economic factors, physical environment and clinical care data." AHR uses a plethora of reputable public data sources, e.g., U.S. Census and CDC programs, to publish three state health-ranking reports annually:

- The Annual Report
- ▲ The Senior Report
- The Health of Women and Children Report

County Health Rankings & Roadmaps (CHR&R) is a University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute program that works with AHR to publish health outcomes on a county-by-county basis. The Rankings measure the health of nearly every county in all fifty states based on factors such as the quality of medical care received to the availability of good jobs, clean water, and affordable housing. The results, according to CHR&R (n.d.) are "accessible models, reports, and products that deepen the understanding of what makes communities healthy and inspires and supports improvement efforts." By looking at data related to Health Outcomes, we can get a glimpse at whether healthcare delivery systems and health improvement programs in a state, county, or community are supporting—or restricting—opportunities for health for all.

The figures that follow will present findings from these studies along with a breakdown of demographics and disease incidence rates on a local level. This comparison between national, state, and local findings will provide vital information to the leadership team at Ochsner Watkins Hospital on what health outcomes and disease types to focus on within the community.

UNITED HEALTH FOUNDATION | AMERICA'S HEALTH RANKINGS® ANNUAL REPORT 2021

Mississippi

Measures		Rating	State Rank	State Value	U.S Valu
SOCIAL & ECO	NOMIC FACTORS*	+	46	-0.612	_
Community and	Occupational Fatalities (deaths per 100,000 workers)	+	47	8.2	4.2
Family Safety	Public Health Funding (dollars per person)	+++	30	\$114	\$116
	Violent Crime (offenses per 100,000 population)	++++	14	278	379
Economic	Economic Hardship Index (index from 1-100)	+	50	100	-
Resources	Food Insecurity (% of households)	+	50	15.3%	10.7
	Income Inequality (80-20 ratio)	+	48	5.37	4.8
Education	High School Graduation (% of students)	+++	29	85.0%	85.8
	High School Graduation Racial Disparity (percentage point difference)	+++++	4	6.5	15.
Social Support	Adverse Childhood Experiences (% ages 0-17)	+	42	18.3%	14.8
and	High-speed Internet (% of households)	+	49	81.4%	89.4
Engagement	Residential Segregation — Black/White (index from 0-100)	+++++	3	50	62
gugoo	Volunteerism (% ages 16+)	+	47	26.6%	33.4
	Voter Participation (% of U.S. citizens ages 18+)	++++	17	62.3%	60.1
DIIVALARI ENI					
PHYSICAL ENV		+	45	-0.316	-
Air and Water	Air Pollution (micrograms of fine particles per cubic meter)	++	38	8.1	8.3
Quality	Drinking Water Violations (% of community water systems)	+	48	6.3%	0.8
	Risk-screening Environmental Indicator Score (unitless score)	++++	16	1,367,879	
	Water Fluoridation (% of population served)	++	35	60.7%	73.C
Housing and	Drive Alone to Work (% of workers ages 16+)	+	49	84.8%	75.9
Transit	Housing With Lead Risk (% of housing stock)	+++++	10	11.0%	17.6
	Severe Housing Problems (% of occupied housing units)	+++	29	15.1%	17.3
CLINICAL CAR	E*	+	49	-0.992	_
Access to Care	Avoided Care Due to Cost (% ages 18+)	+	46	13.9%	9.89
	Providers (per 100,000 population)				
	Dental Care	+	47	44.2	62.
	Mental Health	+	41	187.6	284
	Primary Care	++	33	244.4	252
	Uninsured (% of population)	+	46	13.0%	9.2
Preventive	Colorectal Cancer Screening (% ages 50-75)	++	37	70.9%	74.3
Clinical	Dental Visit (% ages 18+)	+	46	57.7%	66.7
Services	Immunizations				
00.1.000	Childhood Immunizations (% by age 35 months)	+++	30	75.4%	75.4
	Flu Vaccination (% ages 18+)	+	45	41.3%	47.C
	HPV Vaccination (% ages 13-17)	+	50	31.9%	58.6
Quality of Care		++	34	76.1%	77.6
Quality of Care	Dedicated Health Care Provider (% ages 18+) Preventable Hospitalizations (discharges per 100,000 Medicare beneficiaries)	+	49	5,004	3,77
BEHAVIORS*	3 p	+	49	-1.358	
	Evereine (% even 10 r)	+	48	15.7%	23.0
Nutrition and	Exercise (% ages 18+)				
Physical	Fruit and Vegetable Consumption (% ages 18+)	+	42	6.3%	8.0
Activity	Physical Inactivity (% ages 18+)	+	49	30.0%	22.4
Sexual Health	Chlamydia (new cases per 100,000 population)	+	49	850.2	551
	High-risk HIV Behaviors (% ages 18+)	++++	16	5.3%	5.6
	Teen Births (births per 1,000 females ages 15-19)	+	49	29.1	16.
Sleep Health	Insufficient Sleep (% ages 18+)	++	40	35.0%	32.3
Smoking and	Smoking (% ages 18+)	+	47	20.1%	15.5
Tobacco Use					
HEALTH OUTCO	OMES"	+	43	-0.622	_
Behavioral	Excessive Drinking (% ages 18+)	+++++	7	15.2%	17.6
Health	Frequent Mental Distress (% ages 18+)	++	36	14.4%	13.2
	Non-medical Drug Use (% ages 18+)	++++	14	9.2%	12.0
Mortality	Premature Death (years lost before age 75 per 100,000 population)	+	49	11.256	7.33
	Premature Death Racial Disparity (ratio)	+++	27	1.5	1.5
Physical Health	Frequent Physical Distress (% ages 18+)	+++	31	10.3%	9.9
rnysicai Meaith					
	Low Birthweight (% of live births)	+	50	12.3%	8.3
	Low Birthweight Racial Disparity (ratio)	+++	27	2.0	2.1
	Multiple Chronic Conditions (% ages 18+)	+	44	12.8%	9.15
	Obesity (% ages 18+)	+	50	39.7%	31.9
OVERALL			_	-0.791	_

*Values derived from individual measure data. Higher values are considered healthier.

— Data not available missing or suppressed.

For measure definitions, sources and data years, see the Appendix or visit www.AmericasHealthRenlang.org.

ANNUAL REPORT www.AmericasHealthRankings.org

Rating Rank +++++ 1-10 ++++ 11-20 +++ 21-30 ++ 31-40 + 41-50

Summary

Strengths:

- Low prevalence of excessive drinking
- Low racial disparity in high school graduation rates
- Low percentage of housing with lead risk

Challenges:

- · High premature death rate
- · High percentage of households with food insecurity
- High prevalence of cigarette smoking

Highlights:

DRUG DEATHS

from 10.6 to 13.5 deaths per 100,000 population between 2018 and 2019

FREQUENT MENTAL DISTRESS

from 17.3% to 14.4% of adults between 2019 and 2020

MENTAL HEALTH PROVIDERS

8%

from 173.0 to 187.6 per 100,000 population between 2020 and 2021

Mississippi

State Health Department Website: msdh.ms.gov

Measures	Rating	2021 Value	2021 Rank	No. 1 State
SOCIAL & ECONOMIC FACTORS*	+	-1.191	50	1.051
Community and Family Safety Violent Crime (offenses per 100,000 population)	++++	278	14	115
Economic Resources Food Insecurity (% of adults ages 60+)	+	18.8	48	7.3
Poverty (% of adults ages 65+) Poverty Racial Disparity (ratio) [‡]	+	13.2 4.1	48	6.1 1.0
SNAP Reach (participants per 100 adults ages 60+ in poverty) Social Support and Engagement	++	57.9	36	100.0
Community Support Expenditures (dollars per adult ages 60+) High-speed Internet (% of households with adults ages 65+)	++	\$25 63.8	39 50	\$265 86.0
Low-care Nursing Home Residents (% of residents) Risk of Social Isolation (percentile, adults ages 65+)	++	11.8 97	34 50	2.1
Volunteerism (% of adults ages 65+)	+	20.2	48	44.6
PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT*	++	0.047	40	1.353
Air and Water Quality Air Pollution (micrograms of fine particles per cubic meter)	++	7.8	31	4.1
Drinking Water Violations (% of community water systems)	+	5.5	49	0.0
Housing Severe Housing Problems (% of small households with an adult ages 62+)	+++++	25.5	9	18.3
CLINICAL CARE*	+	-0.946	50	0.69
Access to Care				
Avoided Care Due to Cost (% of adults ages 65+) Geriatric Providers (providers per 100,000 adults ages 65+)	+	7.0 26.1	47 27	3.0 57.7
Geriatric Providers (providers per 100,000 adults ages 65+) Home Health Care Workers (workers per 1,000 adults ages 65+ with a disability)	+	93	42	442
Preventive Clinical Services Cancer Screenings (% of adults ages 65-75)	+	67.3	45	81.1
Flu Vaccination (% of adults ages 65+)	+++	63.8	29	71.1
Pneumonia Vaccination (% of adults ages 65+)	+	66.6	47	78.3
Quality of Care		00.0	07	
Dedicated Health Care Provider (% of adults ages 65+) Hospice Care (% of Medicare decedents)	++	92.2 45.2	37 41	96.3
Hospital Readmissions (% of hospitalized Medicare beneficiaries ages 65-74)		16.0	21	14.0
Nursing Home Quality (% of beds rated four or five stars)	+	31.2	47	81.9
Preventable Hospitalizations (discharges per 100,000 Medicare beneficiaries ages 65-74)	+	3,552	49	1,038
BEHAVIORS*	+	-1.256	47	1.188
Nutrition and Physical Activity				
Exercise (% of adults ages 65+) Fruit and Vegetable Consumption (% of adults ages 65+)	+	13.4 5.0	49 45	30.3
Physical Inactivity (% of adults ages 65+ in fair or better health)	+	46.0	50	21.7
Sleep Health Insufficient Sleep (% of adults ages 65+)	++	28.0	37	20.9
Tobacco Use Smoking (% of adults ages 65+)	++	10.7	40	4.0
HEALTH OUTCOMES*	+	-0.879	48	0.93
Behavioral Health				
Excessive Drinking (% of adults ages 65+)	+++++	4.0	2	3.8
Frequent Mental Distress (% of adults ages 65+) Suicide (deaths per 100,000 adults ages 65+)	+	10.0 17.9	44 25	4.5 9.2
Mortality		17.0	ZU	0.2
Early Death (deaths per 100,000 adults ages 65-74)	+	2,481	50	1,380
Early Death Racial Disparity (ratio)‡		1.2		1.0
Physical Health Falls (% of adults ages 654)	++	20.2	31	20.0
Falls (% of adults ages 65+) Frequent Physical Distress (% of adults ages 65+)	++	28.2 21.9	48	12.9
Multiple Chronic Conditions, 4+ (% of Medicare beneficiaries ages 65+)	+	44.8	44	24.3
Obesity (% of adults ages 65+)	+	36.4	49	18.8
Teeth Extractions (% of adults ages 65+)	+	23.0	48	6.2
OVERALL		-1.015	_	0.750

SENIOR REPORT www.AmericasHealthRankings.org

Summary

Strengths:

- Low prevalence of excessive drinking
- Low prevalence of severe housing problems
- High flu vaccination coverage

Challenges:

- High prevalence of physical inactivity
- Low percentage of households with high-speed internet
- · High early death rate

Highlights:

THE NUMBER OF GERIATRIC PROVIDERS

▲20%

between 2018 and 2020 from 21.7 to 26.1 per 100,000 adults ages 65+

PHYSICAL INACTIVITY

▲34%

between 2016 and 2019 from 34.4% to 46.0% of adults ages 65+ in fair or better health

MULTIPLE CHRONIC CONDITIONS

▲23%

between 2010 and 2018 from 36.4% to 44.8% of Medicare beneficiaries ages 65+

Rating	Rank
+++++	1-10
++++	11-20
+++	21-30
++	31-40
-1.	41-50

*Value indicates a score. Higher scores are healthie and lower scores are less healthy.

Non-ranking measure

Indicates data missing or suppressed.

For measure definitions, including data sources and years, visit www.AmericasHealthRankings.org.

Figure 2

AHR 2021 Senior Report

Mississippi

Mississippi

State Health Department Website: msdh.ms.gov



Summary

Strengths:

- · Low prevalence of excessive drinking among women
- · High enrollment in early childhood education
- · Low prevalence of youth alcohol use

Highlights:

WIC COVERAGE

49.2% to 58.7% of eligible of ages 1-4 between 2016 and 2018 from 49.2% to 58.7% of eligible children

SMOKING

▼28% from 26.4% to 10.5% of world and 2018-2019 from 26.4% to 18.9% of women ages 18-44

Challenges:

UNITED HEALTH FOUNDATION | AMERICA'S HEALTH RANKINGS® HEALTH OF WOMEN AND CHILDREN REPORT 2021

- · High percentage of children in poverty
- · High child mortality rate
- High prevalence of physical inactivity among women

LOW BIRTHWEIGHT

from 11.3% to 12.3% of live births between 2014 and 2019

TEEN SUICIDE

97% from 5.9 to 11.6 deaths per 100,000 adolescents ages 15-19 between 2012-2014 and 2017-2019

Women

PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT* Air and Water Quality Air Pollution Drinking Water Violations Household Smoke

Climate Change
Climate Change Policies
Transportation Energy Use Housing and Transportation Drive Alone to Work Housing With Lead Risk

Severe Housing Problems

Risk-screening Environmental Indicators Risk Score Water Fluoridation

State State U.S. Rating Rank Value Value SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC FACTORS* 48 -0.996 Community and Family Safety Intimate Partner Violence Before Pregnancy* 5.5% 3.0% 14 278 379 Economic Resources Concentrated Disadvantage 46.5% 25.1% 15.7% 77.4% Food Insecurity 50 11.1% 37 Gender Pay Gap* 81.0% Poverty 25.1% 15.2% Unemployment 50 5.8% 3.6% Education 47 26.5% College Graduate 35.7% Social Support and Engagement Infant Child Care Cost* Residential Segregation — Black/White +++++ 7.6% 12.5% ++++ 50 62 Voter Participation 64.6% 61.7%

Children

/leasures	Rating	State Rank	State Value	U.S. Value
SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC FACTORS'	++	40	-0.293	_
Community and Family Safety				
Child Victimization*	++	35	13.4%	8.9%
Economic Resources				
Children in Poverty	+	50	28.1%	16.8%
Children in Poverty Racial Disparity	++++	14	3.0	3.0
High-speed Internet	+	49	87.0%	92.6%
Students Experiencing Homelessness	+++++	9	1.5%	3.0%
WIC Coverage	+++++	9	58.7%	53.9%
Education				
Early Childhood Education	+++++	4	60.4%	48.9%
Fourth Grade Reading Proficiency	++	40	31.5%	34.3%
High School Graduation	+++	29	85.0%	85.8%
High School Graduation Racial Disparity	+++++	4	6.5	15.1
Social Support and Engagement				
Adverse Childhood Experiences	+	42	18.3%	14.8%
Foster Care Instability	+++	23	15.8%	16.0%
Neighborhood Amenities	+	50	14.5%	37.4%
Reading, Singing or Storytelling	+	50	45.2%	55.9%
	+	47	-0.446	-
				_
	++	31	7.8	8.3
	+++	31 48	7.8 6.3%	0.8%
	++ + + +	31 48 47	7.8 6.3% 20.2%	0.8% 14.0%
	++ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	31 48 47 16	7.8 6.3% 20.2% 1,367,879	0.8% 14.0% 361,963,9
	++ + + +	31 48 47	7.8 6.3% 20.2%	0.8%
	++ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	31 48 47 16 35	7.8 6.3% 20.2% 1,367,879	0.8% 14.0% 361,963,9
	++ + + ++++	31 48 47 16	7.8 6.3% 20.2% 1,367,879 60.7%	0.8% 14.0% 361,963,9
	++ + + ++++ ++	31 48 47 16 35	7.8 6.3% 20.2% 1,367,879 60.7%	0.8% 14.0% 361,963,9 73.0%
	++ + + ++++ ++	31 48 47 16 35	7.8 6.3% 20.2% 1,367,879 60.7%	0.8% 14.0% 361,963,9 73.0%
	++ + + ++++ ++	31 48 47 16 35 36 43	7.8 6.3% 20.2% 1,367,879 60.7% 0 11.5	0.8% 14.0% 361,963,9 73.0% — 8.7

HEALTH OF WOMEN AND CHILDREN REPORT www.AmericasHealthRankings.org



Mississippi

Women State Value Measures Rating CLINICAL CARE -0.675 Access to Care 76.7% 18.8% Adequate Prenatal Care ++++ 80.8% 47 25.3% Avoided Care Due to Cost Publicly-funded Women's Health Services 23% 29% Uninsured 48 20.9% 12.9% Women's Health Providers 32.3 48.5 48 Preventive Clinical Care +++++ 86.9% 79.9% Cervical Cancer Screening Dental Visit 59.3% 67.6% Flu Vaccination 45 26.6% 31.5% 89.0% 90.7% Postpartum Visit* 74.8% Quality of Care Breastfeeding Initiation* 48 65.6% 84.0% Dedicated Health Care Provider ++ 38 69.5% 71.1% 50 30.7% 25.6% Low-risk Cesarean Delivery Maternity Practices Score 40 73 79 BEHAVIORS* -0.887 **Nutrition and Physical Activity** 21.5% 18.6% Fruit and Vegetable Consumption 7.5% Physical Inactivity 50 31.1% 22.6% Sexual Health 2,529 1,743 48 Chlamydia High-risk HIV Behaviors 8.6% Unintended Pregnancy* 47.1% 30.6% Sleep Health ++ 32 37.5% 36.1% Tobacco Use E-cigarette Use +++ 25 5.9% 5.3% 35 18.9% 14.3% Smoking Smoking During Pregnancy +++ 28 8.5% 6.0% HEALTH OUTCOMES* ++ 35 -0.652 Behavioral Health 20.7 12.6 Drug Deaths* 10 Excessive Drinking ++++ 12.1% 19.2% 18.1% 31 20.3% 8.8% Frequent Mental Distress ++ Illicit Drug Use 10.8% Postpartum Depression* 22.1% 13.4% Mortality Maternal Mortality Mortality Rate 20.1 155.0 48 97.2 Physical Health Frequent Physical Distress 19 8.4% 8.4% High Blood Pressure 22.4% High Health Status* 45 49.9% 53.8% Maternal Morbidity 5.8 6.6 6.1% 43.5% Multiple Chronic Conditions 40 4.4% 50 Obesity 30.0%

* Overall and category values are derived from individual measure data to arrive at total scores for the state.
Ulimber commence and considered benefities and leaves commence are less breakly.

^{*} Measure was not included in the calculation of overall or category values.

OVERALL - WOMEN*

Children				
Measures	Rating	State Rank	State Value	U.S. Value
CLINICAL CARE*	++	38	-0.259	_
Access to Care				
ADD/ADHD Treatment	+++++	1	6.6%	3.0%
Pediatricians	+	46	63.7	104.6
Uninsured	++	36	6.1%	5.7%
Preventive Clinical Care				
Childhood Immunizations	++++	11	80.0%	75.8%
HPV Vaccination	+	50	30.5%	54.2%
Preventive Dental Care	+	43	75.0%	77.5%
Well-child Visit	+	49	74.3%	80.7%
Quality of Care	+++++	8	71.2%	66.7%
Adequate Insurance Developmental Screening	+++	34	31.5%	36.9%
Medical Home	++	37	47.3%	46.8%
Medical Horrie	***	J/	47.076	40.0%
BEHAVIORS*	+	50	-1.391	
Nutrition and Physical Activity	+	F.O.	10.10/	05.00/
Breastfed		50	18.1%	25.6%
Food Sufficiency	+	50 5	58.0% 26.8%	69.8%
Physical Activity Soda Consumption — Youth*	+++++	5	17.3%	20.6% 9.3%
Sexual Health — Youth			17.076	9.3%
Dual Contraceptive Nonuse		_	91.6%	90.9%
Teen Births	+	49	29.1	16.7
Sleep Health				
Adequate Sleep	+	49	55.2%	66.1%
Sleep Position#			69.4%	79.6%
Tobacco Use — Youth			21.4%	32.7%
Electronic Vapor Product Use* Tobacco Use	+	 46	7.1%	4.0%
Tobacco Use	т	40	7.170	4.0%
HEALTH OUTCOMES*	+	49	-0.695	_
Behavioral Health	+++++	6	8.0%	0.00/
Alcohol Use — Youth	+++++	6	7.7%	9.2%
Anxiety Depression	++++	20	3.8%	3.9%
Flourishing	++	34	68.4%	69.1%
Illicit Drug Use — Youth	+++++	5	6.7%	8.4%
Teen Suicide*		_	11.6	11.2
Mortality				
Child Mortality	+	49	41.8	25.4
Infant Mortality	+	50	8.6	5.7
Physical Health				
Asthma	+	48	10.1%	7.5%
High Health Status*	+	49	87.1%	90.4%
Low Birthweight	+	50	12.3%	8.3%
Low Dirthwoight Pagial Dipparity	And the latest to the latest t	27	2.0	2.1

Anxiety	+++++	6	7.7%	9.1%
Depression	++++	20	3.8%	3.9%
Flourishing	++	34	68.4%	69.1%
Illicit Drug Use — Youth	+++++	5	6.7%	8.4%
Teen Suicide#		_	11.6	11.2
Mortality				
Child Mortality	+	49	41.8	25.4
Infant Mortality	+	50	8.6	5.7
Physical Health				
Asthma	+	48	10.1%	7.5%
High Health Status*	+	49	87.1%	90.4%
Low Birthweight	+	50	12.3%	8.3%
Low Birthweight Racial Disparity	+++	27	2.0	2.1
Overweight or Obesity — Youth	+	48	38.4%	32.1%
OVERALL — CHILDREN*		_	-0.586	
OVERALL — WOMEN AND CHILDREN*		-	-0.677	_

HEALTH OF WOMEN AND CHILDREN REPORT www.AmericasHealthRankings.org

-0.741

[—] Data not available, missing or suppressed.

For measure descriptions, source details and methodology, visit $\underline{www.Americas HealthRankings.org}$



Length of Life

Premature death (years of potential life lost before age 75)

Quality of Life

Self-reported health status

Percent of low birthweight newborns

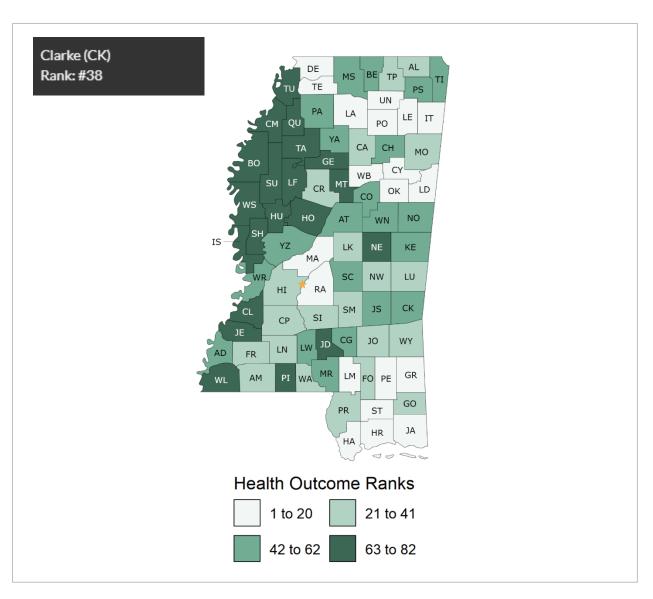
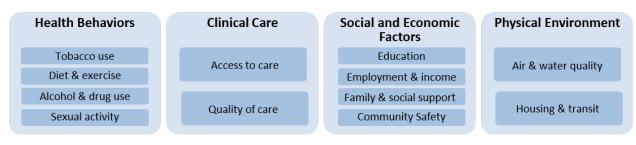


Figure 5 CHR&R 2021 Mississippi Health Outcome Map





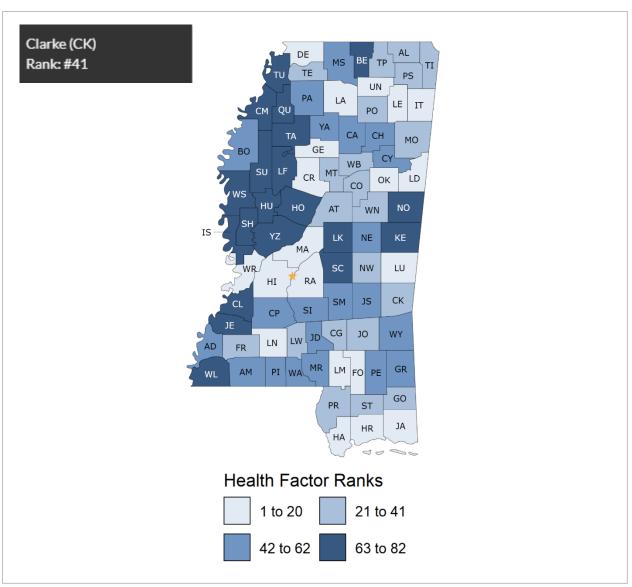


Figure 6 CHR&R 2021 Mississippi Health Factor Map



County Health Rankings 2021

2021 County Health Rankings for Mississippi: Measures and National/State Results

Measure	Description	US	MS	MS Minimum	MS Maximum
HEALTH OUTCOMES			-		
Premature death*	Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (age-adjusted).	6,900	10,400	6,800	17,800
Poor or fair health	Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted).	17%	22%	16%	38%
	Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age- adjusted).	3.7	4.5	3.3	6.4
Poor mental health days	Average number of mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age- adjusted).	4.1	4.8	4.1	5.9
Low birthweight*	Percentage of live births with low birthweight (< 2,500 grams).	8%	12%	7%	25%
HEALTH FACTORS					
HEALTH BEHAVIORS					
Adult smoking	Percentage of adults who are current smokers (age-adjusted).	17%	21%	14%	31%
Adult obesity	Percentage of the adult population (age 20 and older) that reports a body mass index (BMI) greater than or equal to 30 kg/m ² .	30%	39%	22%	54%
Food environment index	Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, from 0 (worst) to 10 (best).	7.8	4.1	2.4	7.9
Physical inactivity	Percentage of adults age 20 and over reporting no leisure-time physical activity.	23%	30%	19%	46%
Access to exercise opportunities	Percentage of population with adequate access to locations for physical activity.	84%	54%	0%	81%
Excessive drinking	Percentage of adults reporting binge or heavy drinking (age-adjusted).	19%	15%	10%	17%
Alcohol-impaired driving deaths	Percentage of driving deaths with alcohol involvement.	27%	20%	0%	75%
Sexually transmitted infections	Number of newly diagnosed chlamydia cases per 100,000 population.	539.9	740.1	194.5	1,805.7
Teen births*	Number of births per 1,000 female population ages 15-19.	21	34	10	71
CLINICAL CARE					
Uninsured	Percentage of population under age 65 without health insurance.	10%	14%	10%	20%
Primary care physicians	Ratio of population to primary care physicians.		1,890:1	1,310:0	750:1
Dentists	Ratio of population to dentists.		2,050:1	1,330:0	950:1
Mental health providers	Ratio of population to mental health providers.	380:1	590:1	14,360:1	160:1
Preventable hospital stays*	Rate of hospital stays for ambulatory-care sensitive conditions per 100,000 Medicare enrollees.	4,236	5,702	2,875	13,325
Mammography screening*	Percentage of female Medicare enrollees ages 65-74 that received an annual mammography screening.	42%	39%	19%	52%
Flu vaccinations*	Percentage of fee-for-service (FFS) Medicare enrollees that had an annual flu vaccination.	48%	43%	15%	56%
SOCIAL & ECONOMIC FAC	TORS				
High school completion	Percentage of adults ages 25 and over with a high school diploma or equivalent.	88%	85%	61%	92%
Some college	Percentage of adults ages 25-44 with some post-secondary education.	66%	60%	29%	80%
Unemployment	Percentage of population ages 16 and older unemployed but seeking work.	3.7%	5.4%	3.9%	15.5%
Children in poverty*	Percentage of people under age 18 in poverty.	17%	28%	13%	55%
Income inequality	Ratio of household income at the 80th percentile to income at the 20th percentile.	4.9	5.3	3.7	8.8
Children in single-parent households	Percentage of children that live in a household headed by single parent.	26%	37%	14%	73%
Social associations	Number of membership associations per 10,000 population.	9.3	12.7	0.0	19.0
Violent crime	Number of reported violent crime offenses per 100,000 population.	386	279	26	755
Injury deaths*	Number of deaths due to injury per 100,000 population.	72	88	49	153
PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT					
Air pollution - particulate matter	Average daily density of fine particulate matter in micrograms per cubic meter (PM2.5).	7.2	8.7	7.6	9.5
Drinking water violations	Indicator of the presence of health-related drinking water violations. 'Yes' indicates the presence of a violation, 'No' indicates no violation.	N/A	N/A	No	Yes
Severe housing problems	Percentage of households with at least 1 of 4 housing problems: overcrowding, high housing costs, lack of kitchen facilities, or lack of plumbing facilities.	18%	15%	8%	27%
Driving alone to work*	Percentage of the workforce that drives alone to work.	76%	85%	74%	91%
Long commute - driving alone	Among workers who commute in their car alone, the percentage that commute more than 30 minutes.	37%	33%	8%	57%

^{*} Indicates subgroup data by race and ethnicity is available

Page 2 | www.countyhealthrankings.org



		Mississippi	Clarke (CK), MS X
Health Outcomes			
Length of Life			
Premature Death		11,300	12.300
Quality of Life		,	
Poor or Fair Health	0	22%	24%
Poor Physical Health Days	0	4.1	4.4 5.4
Poor Mental Health Days Low Birthweight	0	5.3 12%	13%
Health Factors		1270	1370
Health Behaviors			
Adult Smoking	0	21%	22%
Adult Obesity	0	41%	40%
Food Environment Index	0	3.8	6.6
Physical Inactivity	0	37%	38%
Access to Exercise Opportunities		52%	11%
Excessive Drinking	0	16%	15%
Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths		19%	8%
Sexually Transmitted Infections Teen Births	0	850.2 32	720.7 43
		32	43
Clinical Care			
Uninsured		15%	16%
Primary Care Physicians		1,860:1	3,890:1
Dentists		2,030:1	5,100:1
Mental Health Providers		540:1	2,550:1
Preventable Hospital Stays Mammography Screening		5,013 41%	6,454 46%
Flu Vaccinations		43%	31%
		1070	0.270
Social & Economic Factors			
High School Completion		85%	85%
Some College		61%	54%
Unemployment Children in Deverty	0	8.196 2696	8.4% 33%
Children in Poverty Income Inequality		5.4	5.8
Children in Single-Parent Households		37%	38%
Social Associations		12.6	17.4
Violent Crime	0	279	
Injury Deaths		93	107
Physical Environment			
Air Pollution - Particulate Matter		9.2	9.5
Drinking Water Violations			No
Severe Housing Problems		15%	12%
Driving Alone to Work		85%	85%
Long Commute - Driving Alone		33%	48%

Figure 8
CHR&R 2021 Clarke County Health Rankings



POPULATION

Clarke County has a total population of 15,612 citizens, while the state of Mississippi has a total population of 2,981,835. The overall population for both Clarke County and Mississippi has seen a decrease in the population growth rate over a 5-year trend at 4.58% and 0.21% respectively. In comparison, the United States saw an increase of approximately 3.18%.

DEMOGRAPHICS

Demographics are the statistical characteristics of human populations used to identify markets. Collecting this type of data can be very informative because often the demographics of a patient have an impact on the treatment plan. The American Medical Association echoes this sentiment in their article "Improve health equity by collecting patient demographic data," by mentioning that "Collecting [demographic] data can help improve the quality of care for all patients because ... it helps practices:

- Identify and address differences in care for specific populations.
- Distinguish which populations do not achieve optimal interventions.
- Assess whether the practice is delivering culturally competent care.
- Develop additional patient-centered services." (Berg 2018)

What follows is an analysis of the demographic of Ochsner Watkins Hospital's primary service area.

SEX AND AGE

Further analysis of Clarke County's census data shows that the county's population is 46.5% male and 53.5% female. This hardly differs from the state average of 48.4% male and 51.6% female (Figure 9).

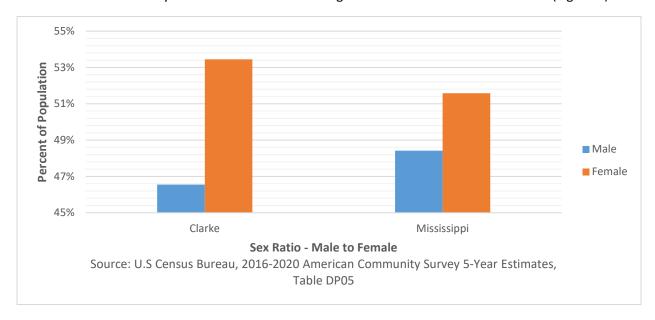


Figure 9
Sex Comparison – Clarke County and Mississippi



Clarke County has a median age of 42.3 years which is similar to the state's median age of 37.7 years. As one would expect, Clarke County's population mix is in line with the state of Mississippi in all age categories; however, Clarke County has a higher 60 and over population than the state. See Figure 10 for a comparison of all age categories.

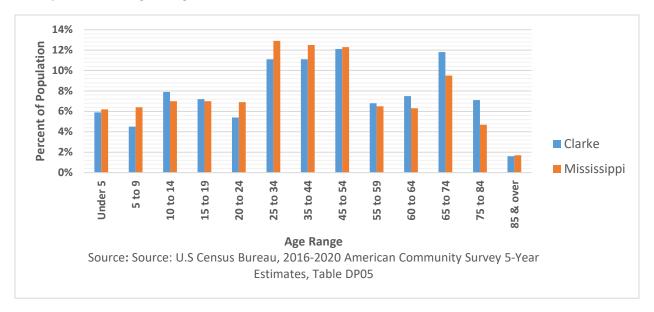


Figure 10Population by Age Group – Clarke County and Mississippi

RACIAL MIX AND ETHNIC BACKGROUND

Census data shows that the racial mix in Clarke County is comparable with the mix found in Mississippi. In Clarke County, 63.8% of the population is white; this stat is 58.0% for the state of Mississippi (Figure 11).

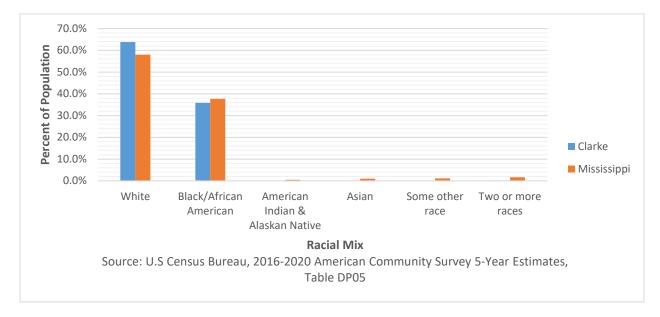


Figure 11Population by Racial Mix – Clarke County and Mississippi



Not only do Clarke County and the state share similar racial mixes; the ethnic mix in Clarke County is comparable to the state of Mississippi's mix: 0.8% of the population in Clarke County is Hispanic or Latino compared to 3.1% of the population in Mississippi (Figure 12).

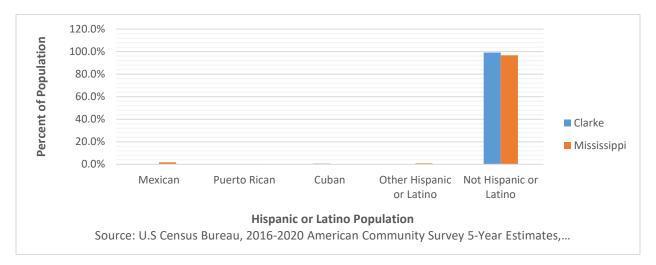


Figure 12Population by Ethnic Group – Clarke County and Mississippi

EDUCATION ATTAINMENT

When evaluating residents that are 25 years or older, 88.5% of Clarke County residents have a high school diploma (includes GED) or higher compared to 85.2% of the residents in the state of Mississippi. Clarke County has a higher percentage of educational attainment in all categories up to "Some college, no degree," while the Mississippi has a higher percentage of higher education attainment. This percentage is 24.2% for Clarke County compared to 32.9% for the state of Mississippi (Figure 13).

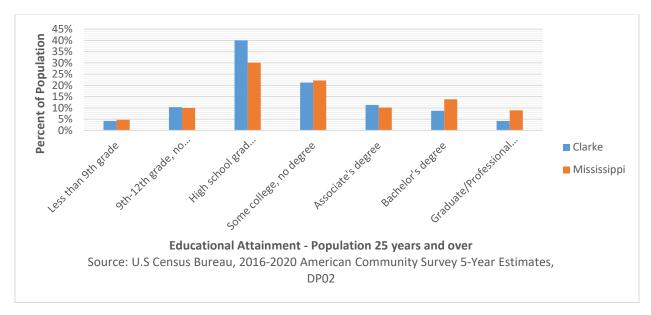


Figure 13

Education Attainment – Clarke County and Mississippi



POPULATION WITH A DISABILITY

WHAT IS A DISABILITY?

The US Census Bureau (2021) defines a disability for data collecting purposes as "the product of interactions among individuals' bodies; their physical, emotional, and mental health; and the physical and social environment in which they live, work, or play. Disability exists where this interaction results in limitations of activities and restrictions to full participation at school, at work, at home, or in the community." The American Community Survey accounts for hearing difficulty; cognitive difficulty; ambulatory difficulty; self-care difficulty; independent living difficulty, and; disability status.

It is important for the facility to understand the challenges members of their community face. Individuals with a disability are more likely to have other medical issues resulting in higher healthcare costs, yet also have increased difficulty in accessing care. Disability affects all of us, and each of us may experience a disability in our lifetime. Clarke County's stats are comparable with Mississippi's disability percentages for each age group; however, Clarke County does have a slightly higher percentage (Figure 14). The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's National Center on Birth Defects and Development Disabilities has developed a fact sheet that further outlines how disability impacts Mississippi; see Figure 15.

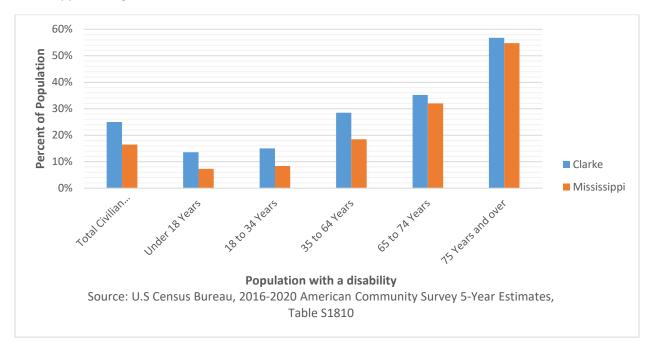


Figure 14Disability Status for Clarke County

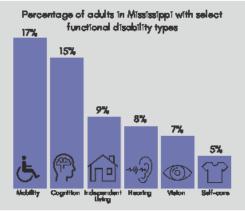


CDC's National Center on Birth Defects and Developmental Disabilities DISABILITY IMPACTS MISSISSIPPI



Everyone can play a role in supporting more inclusive state programs, communities, and health care to help people with, or at risk for, disabilities be well and active in their communities. Join CDC and Its partners as we work together to improve the health of people with disabilities.





Disability Types

Malality: Serious difficulty walking or dimbing stairs

Cognition: Serious difficulty concentrating, remembering, or making decisions

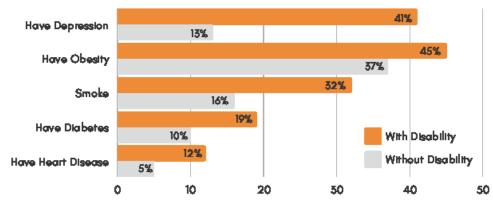
Independent living: Serious difficulty doing errands alone, such as visiting a doctor's office

Hearing: Deafness or serious difficulty heering

Vicion: Blind or serious difficulty seeing, even when wearing glasses

Self-eare: Difficulty dressing or bothing

Adults with disabilities in **Mississippi** experience health disparities and are more likely to...¹



Visit chals, ada, gov for more disability and health data carous the United States.

(\$) DISABILITY HEALTHCARE COSTS IN ANISSISSIPPI

- About \$8.7 BELLION per year, or up to 40% of the state's healthcare spending
- About \$15,483 per person with a disability.



et people with dischilities at Learn how CDC and state programs support people with dis www.ode.gov/nebelel/disabilityandhealth/programs.html.

NOTE: DATA ARE ROUNDED TO THE MEAREST WHOLE FIGURE, FOR WORE PRECISE PREVALENCE DATA, PLEASE VISIT DHDS.CDC.GOV.

1. DATA SOURCE: 2020 BEHAVIORAL BISK FACTOR SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM (BRFSS). 2. DISABILITY HEALTHCARE COSTS ARE PRESENTED IN 2017 DOLLARS AS REPORTED IN KHAYJOU, ET AL. STATE-LEVEL HEALTH CARE EXPENDITURES ASSOCIATED WITH DISABILITY, 2021, PUBLIC HEALTH REP.





ECONOMIC FACTORS

INCOME

The median household income in Clarke County is \$38,631 compared to \$46,511 for the state of Mississippi; the mean household income is \$57,087 and \$65,156 respectively. Clarke County has a greater number of residents making \$15,000 or less when compared to the state of Mississippi. Due to the lower overall income level in Clarke County, there is a higher portion of residents living in poverty. Overall, 19.8% of all people in Clarke County live in poverty compared to 19.6% of all people in the state of Mississippi. The age group with the highest percentage of poverty in Clarke County is those under 18 years: 28.0% for Clarke County; 27.6% for Mississippi. For additional breakdowns of income totals per households, see Figure 16.

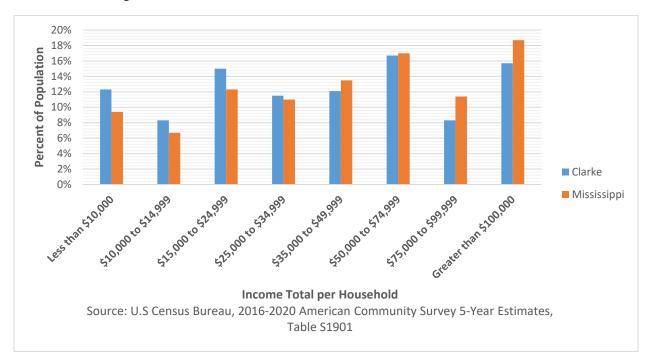


Figure 16
Income Total per Household – Clarke County and Mississippi



MAJOR EMPLOYERS BY INDUSTRY

Figure 17 shows a comparison with the state of Mississippi between different labor groups identified by the U.S. Census Bureau. Major employers in Clarke County are in Education, Healthcare, Social Services; Manufacturing; and Retail and Wholesale trade. Further research into the leading types of industry in Clarke County help explain why the median household income is lower when compared to the state of Mississippi. These types of industries typically generate a lower wage per hour in a rural area versus an urban area. According to the U.S. Census Bureau, Clarke County has a slightly lower unemployment rate at 6.4% compared to the state unemployment rate of 7.1%.

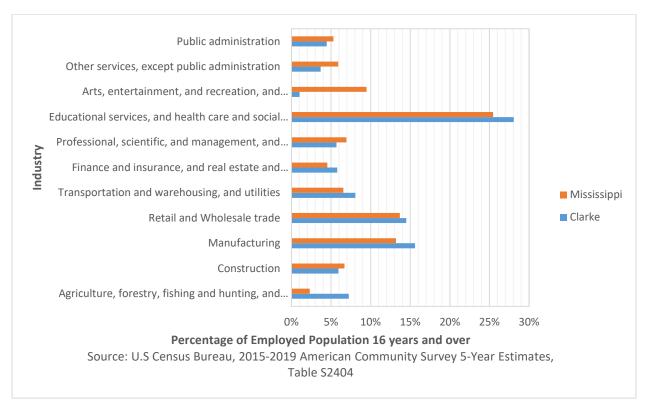


Figure 17Employed Population by Industry Type – Clarke County and Mississippi



TOP HEALTH ISSUES FACING THE COMMUNITY:

Analyzing the top health issues in the hospital's service area helps providers further assess and prioritize significant health needs in their community. Mortality data pulled from Mississippi Statistically Automated Health Resource System (MSTAHRS) represents deaths of Mississippi residents using death certificates filed with the Mississippi Department of Health, Bureau of Vital Records. It is important to note that MSTAHRS uses an age-adjusted mortality rate calculation. In doing so, counties having a higher percentage of elderly people (and in turn a higher rate of death or hospitalization) are more comparable with counties with a younger population.

Due to the length of some of the data sets, this report will list the top six events of a given query of data presented with any additional data available upon request. Each data set query is described in the charts' titles to give the reader an understanding of what is included in the data sets. The charts include information from different scenarios to demonstrate how the disease process affects the patient population. By understanding how a disease affects variants in the population, Ochsner Watkins Hospital will be able to identify which segments of the community to focus specific strategies towards during the next three years. The charts will look at the population, impacts between race, and impacts between sexes in Clarke County as seen in the following figure:

DISEASE INCIDENCE RATES

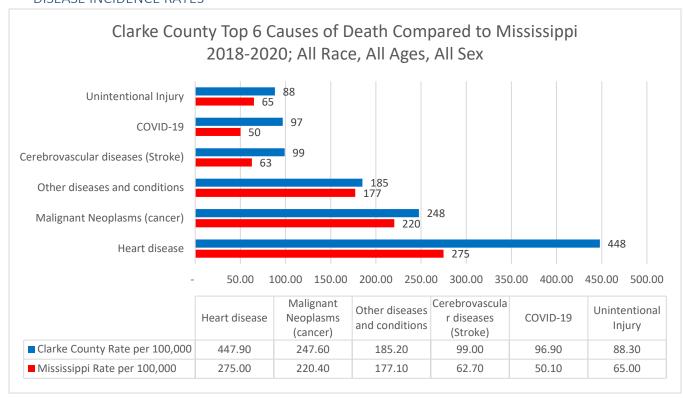


Figure 18
Overall Leading Causes of Death – Clarke County and Mississippi



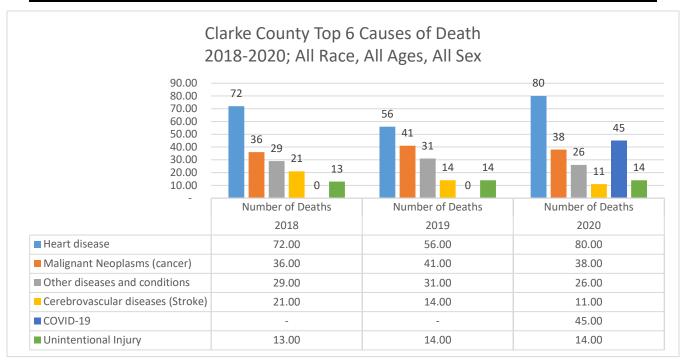


Figure 19
Top 6 Causes of Death 2018-2020; All Race, All Ages, All Sex by Number of Deaths

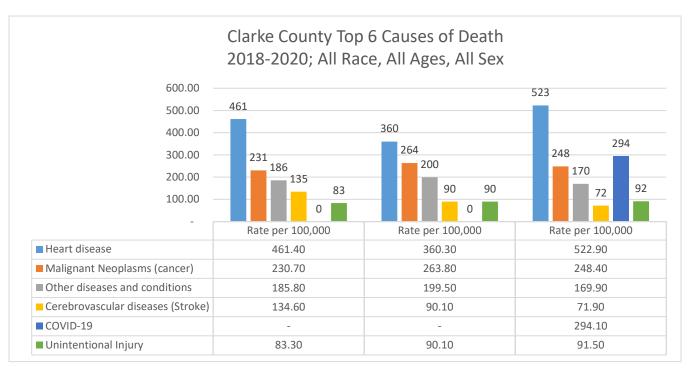


Figure 20
Top 6 Causes of Death 2018-2020; All Race, All Ages, All Sex by Rate per 100,000



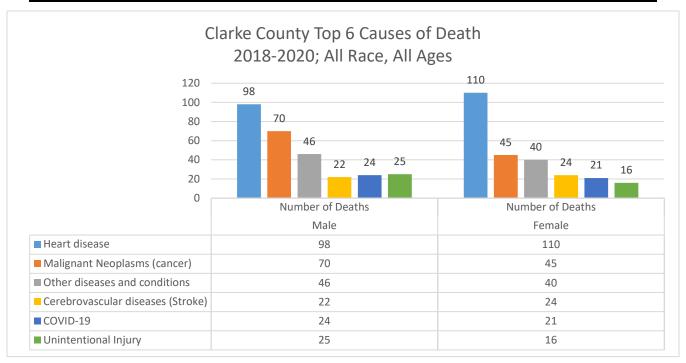


Figure 21
Top 6 Causes of Death 2018-2020; All Race, All Ages, by Number of Deaths

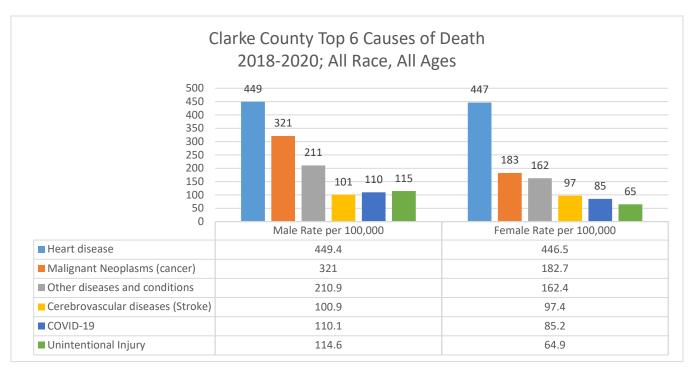


Figure 22
Top 6 Causes of Death 2018-2020; All Race, All Ages, by Rate per 100,000



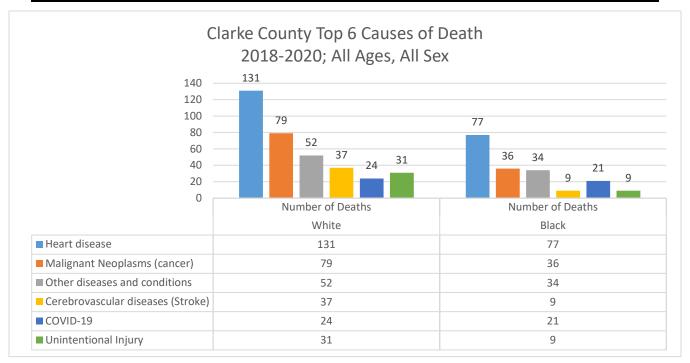


Figure 23
Top 6 Causes of Death 2018-2020; All Ages, All Sex by Number of Deaths

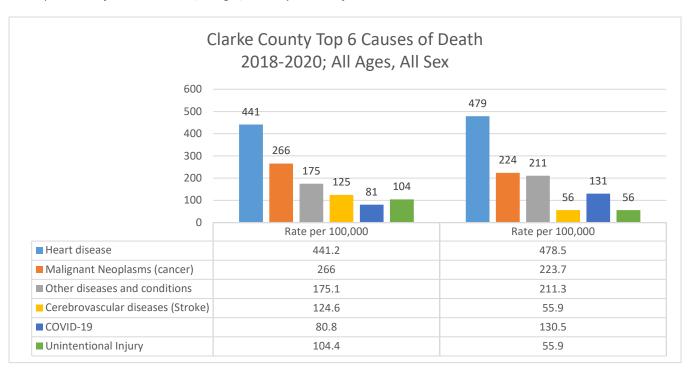


Figure 24
Top 6 Causes of Death 2018-2020; All Ages, All Sex by Rate per 100,000



INPUT FROM THE COMMUNITY

COMMUNITY SURVEYS

Ochsner Watkins Hospital wanted to better understand the health status of its service area through the mindset of the community. As a result, a community health survey was developed by the hospital. Members of the public were invited to participate in the survey. The data collected from the survey was part of the input used by the steering committee in establishing the top health priorities for the hospital for the next three years. An example of this survey can be seen on the pages that follow in Figures 25 and 26.

COMMUNITY FOCUS GROUP

A community focus group was held at Ochsner Watkins Hospital on November 2, 2022. The participants in the group were carefully selected because they each represented a specific segment of the populations served. In addition, they can act as a continuous conduit between the community and the leadership of the hospital. These participants contributed to a structured discussion which was impartially facilitated by healthcare consultants from Carr, Riggs, & Ingram of Ridgeland, MS.

This focus group provided a deliberative venue for learning, trust-building, creative problem solving, and information gathering which ultimately served as a valuable resource for the CHNA Steering Committee as it developed the hospital's health priorities for the next three years. Since the focus group was based on open communication and critical deliberation, it will hopefully lead to improve community relations, trust, and collaborative partnerships as the hospital strives to improve the overall health of the community.

TOP HEALTH CONCERNS IDENTIFIED BY THE COMMUNITY

Ochsner Watkins Hospital representatives spoke with community leaders and residents of Clarke County to give them an opportunity to voice their opinions on the health status and health needs of Clarke County. Ochsner Watkins Hospital representatives also reviewed the results of the community survey. The survey feedback and open discussions were consistent with the quantitative data. The most common health concerns mentioned by the community members were related to chronic diseases, health education, lifestyle challenges, transportation, mental health, access to care, and access to healthy foods. Additionally, heart disease, cancer, diabetes, obesity, and hypertension were all health needs identified by healthcare professionals, community members, and quantitative data. There is a direct correlation between these and the typical lifestyle of a rural Mississippi resident. As a result, community members noted a need for increased education and preventative care to aid in lowering the percentages of these diseases becoming chronic.

Ochsner Watkins Hospital Community Health Needs Assessment



RESPONDING TO THE COMMUNITY

The steering committee used the following process to prioritize the identified needs that the hospital would use when developing strategies to respond to the community's needs:

- All the findings and data were read and analyzed for needs and recurring themes within the identified needs.
- A Reference was made to the content of the community input and the identified needs from those sources
- Comparisons were made between the primary and secondary data and then compared to what was the common knowledge and experience of the clinical staff of the hospital.
- Based on what resources could be made available and what initiatives could have the most immediate and significant impact, the strategic initiatives were developed.

Ochsner Watkins Hospital will continue to leverage valuable partnerships that currently exist and to identify opportunities for synergy within the community. The outcomes and results of these interventions will be followed and reexamined in preparation for the next CHNA.



H.C. Watkins Mem	orial Hospital Community Survey
How Healthy	y Is Our Community?
Please fill out this survey to share your opinions within the community. The survey results will be the public in a written report. The information grake our community a better place to live.	p in better understanding the community's health. s about healthcare services and the quality of life e presented to the community and made available to athered from responses to this survey will help tee, for your participation!
• '	nost important features of a healthy community:
	_
□Access to churches or other places of wor □Access to healthcare □Access to parks and recreation □Adequate handicapped parking and othe accommodations for persons with disabilitie	□Good place to raise kids □Good public transportation □Good education
□Affordable and/or available housing optio □Available arts and cultural events □Clean environment □Equality among different racial/ethnic gro	□Preventive health services □Quality childcare
☐Good jobs, healthy economy	□Sidewalks, bike paths, and walking trails
☐ High blood pressure/Hypertension☐ Cancers☐ Contagious diseases (i.e., flu, pneumonia,☐ Heart disease☐ HIV/AIDS/Sexually Transmitted☐ Diseases☐ Respiratory/ lung disease (Asthma, COPD,	□ Mental Health □ Alzheimer's/Dementia
3. Select up to <u>3</u> areas you feel there is Limited	d Access to and/or availability of:
□Dental care services □End of life care (nursing homes, hospice) □Substance abuse services □Hospital Services □Mental health services	□Pediatric Services □Prenatal care and childbirth education □Primary care services □Specialty care services (i.e., surgery, X-rays)
4. Select any of the following that <u>you</u> feel are	barriers for <u>vou</u> in getting healthcare:
□ Lack of transportation □ Can't pay for services/medication □ Can't find providers that accept my insural □ Don't know what types of services are aval □ Don't trust healthcare providers □ Don't like accepting government assistant □ Not sure when I need healthcare	ilable

Community Health Needs Assessment



 ☐ Have your prescription filled at the drugstore or supermarket ☐ Buy over-the-counter medicine instead ☐ Use leftover medication prescribed for a different illness ☐ Get medications from sources outside the country 			☐ Go without medicine ☐ Use medication of friends or family ☐ Use herbal remedies instead		
6. How is your healthcare co	vered? (Check a	II that apply)			
☐ Health insurance offered from your job or a ☐ Health insurance that you pay for on your or ☐ Veterans' Administration ☐ I don't have health insurance		own			
7. Who do you feel is most res	nonsible for keen	ing you healthy? (chec	ck on	e selection)	
☐ Medical Professionals ☐ Family	☐ Hospitals [☐ School Clinics		Church or Other Place of Worship	
8. Where would you go if you a	re sick or need ad	vice about your healtl	h? (c	heck o <u>n</u> e selection)	
□Hospital emergency room □The local health department □A particular doctor's office □Other (Please describe)		☐Telehealth Visit ☐Nowhere—I don't have a place to go when I get s ☐Urgent Care		don't have a place to go when I get sic	
9. Do you have a primary care p	hysician?				
□Yes	•				
□ No					
10. Select up to <u>3</u> other areas	that you feel imp	acts the community:			
☐ Addiction – alcohol or drug		☐ Medical errors			
☐ Homelessness	☐ Mental Health				
☐ Child abuse/neglect		☐ Motor vehicle crash injuries			
☐ Drowning		☐ Suicide/Homicid		njunioc	
☐ Firearm-related injuries		☐ Teenage pregnar			
☐ Domestic violence		☐ Prescription drug costs			
☐ Infant death/ premature b	irth	☐ Rape/sexual assault			
☐ Environmental health, sew	ers, septic tanks	☐ Other			
OPTIONAL INFORMATION Please check or fill in the blanks for Name of City/Town where you live:	or the following qu		e no Code	way to identify you or your answers.	
Name of City/Town where you live Gender: □Male □Female Age: □	—————————————————————————————————————	<u> </u>			
Race/Ethnicity: Which group do you					
Earling Tillion Broap do Jou	•				
	⊔W	hite/Caucasian			
□Black/African American □Hispanic □Native American		ian/Pacific her (Please describe	9)		
□Hispanic	□ Ot	her (Please describe	e)		
□Hispanic □Native American	□ Ot est level completed	her (Please describe			



IMPLEMENTATION PLANS

While an implementation plan was established in the hospital's 2019 CHNA report, Ochsner Watkins Hospital was unable to generate satisfactory responses in these areas. This is due to the hospital shifting its focus in 2019 – 2022 to meet the more pressing needs that arose from the COVID-19 pandemic.

As a result, the hospital has chosen to continue focusing on these areas noting that these issues are still prevalent as of 2022. Over the next three years, pending a surge in COVID-19 or a new public health emergency, Ochsner Watkins Hospital and its many community partners will concentrate their efforts into these areas:

INITIATIVE 1: SAFETY

With emphasis on:

- Fall prevention with emphasis on senior population.
- Motor vehicle safety education at dangerous intersections as well as distraction i.e. texting, talking on phone and driving under the influence, for all age groups.
- 911 campaign for visible address signage throughout Clarke County.

INITIATIVE 2: LIFESTYLES

Educating and encouraging healthier lifestyles in the rural south by incorporating better nutrition, as well as increasing daily exercise and activities. Watkins in collaboration with the local schools, fire departments, churches, law enforcement and the MSDH will place emphasis on:

- Education on nutrition and proper label reading.
- Blood pressure, resting pulse, and blood glucose screening.
- Proper warm ups and stretching to prevent injuries.
- Participate in community events while providing screenings and education.

INITIATIVE 3: CANCER AWARENESS

Providing education and awareness for breast, bronchial/tracheal and prostate cancer in coalition with the American Cancer Society, the American Urological Association, and the Tobacco Coalition.

- Provide awareness on the dangers of vaping/smoking.
- Bring awareness to the life-saving potential of early prostate screening.
- Community outreach and education on early detection by implementing and promoting monthly self-breast exams and yearly mammograms.

4

The hospital wants the community to know that it takes all health needs within the community seriously. Unfortunately, the hospital is unable to address every health need noted over the course of the next three years covered within the current CHNA but plans to continue reviewing these needs and as resources become available in the future address them accordingly.

The implementation strategy associated with these health initiatives noted above will be developed over the coming months, submitted to the board of directors for approval, and then posted to the hospital's website by the due date of the 15th day of the fifth month after the end of the taxable year the CHNA is due with said due date being May 15th, 2023.

Ochsner Watkins Hospital Community Health Needs Assessment

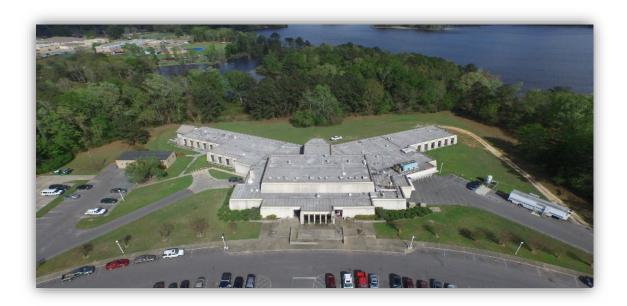


THANK YOU

We at Ochsner Watkins Hospital, realize the importance of participating in a periodic Community Health Needs Assessment. We appreciate that this exercise is much more than a regulatory obligation. It is an opportunity to continue to be engaged with our community and involve the citizens we serve in creating a plan that will ensure a healthier community. This has been a collaborative effort.

Our sincere thanks go to all those who took part in this process. Our CHNA Steering Committee members and all those who participated in our Community Focus Group, either by their attendance at the Forum or by conversations, deserve a special thanks for their time, support, and insight. Their input has been invaluable.

And last, but perhaps most importantly, to the public who realizes their voice does matter. Thank you for completing our Community Health Survey, reading our latest Community Health Needs Assessment, and for supporting our mission of care in Clarke County.



Ochsner Watkins Hospital Community Health Needs Assessment



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